DTC P0A94/553 DC/DC CONVERTER PERFORMANCE

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

See the description of the boost converter on page 05–691.

If the boost converter has a circuit malfunction, internal short, or overheats, the boost converter transmits that information to the FCV terminal of the HV control ECU via the boost converter fail signal line.

DTC No.	INF Code	DTC Detection Condition	Trouble Area
P0A94	553	Boost converter fail (FCV) signal detection (boost converter overheating)	 Wire harness or connector Inverter cooling system water w/ motor & bracket pump assembly Cooling fan motor Cooling fan motor No. 2 HV transaxle assembly Hybrid vehicle motor Hybrid vehicle generator HV control ECU w/ converter inverter assembly

MONITOR DESCRIPTION

If the boost converter is overheated, it transmits a boost converter fail signal to the HV control ECU. Upon receiving this signal, the HV control ECU illuminates the MIL and sets a DTC.

MONITOR STRATEGY

Related DTCs	P0A94 (INF 553): Boost converter/FCV detection over heat
Required sensor/components	Boost converter
Frequency of operation	Continuous
Duration	TOYOTA's intellectual property
MIL operation	Immediately
Sequence of operation	None

TYPICAL ENABLING CONDITIONS

The monitor will run whenever the following DTCs are not present	TOYOTA's intellectual property
Other conditions belong to TOYOTA's intellectual property	-

TYPICAL MALFUNCTION THRESHOLDS

Boost converter

Overheated

COMPONENT OPERATING RANGE

Boost converter

DTC P0A94 (INF 553) is not detected

WIRING DIAGRAM

Refer to DTC P0A78 (INF 279) on page 05-577.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

- Before inspecting the high-voltage system, take safety precautions to prevent electrical shocks, such as wearing insulated gloves and removing the service plug grip. After removing the service plug grip, put it in your pocket to prevent other technicians from reconnecting it while you are servicing the high-voltage system.
- After disconnecting the service plug grip, wait at least for 5 minutes before touching any of the high–voltage connectors or terminals.

HINT:

At least 5 minutes is required to discharge the high-voltage condenser inside the inverter.

1 READ OUTPUT DTC(HV ECU)

- (a) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.
- (b) Turn the power switch ON (IG).
- (c) Turn the hand-held tester ON.
- (d) On the hand-held tester, enter the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED OBD II / HV ECU / DTC INFO / TROUBLE CODES.
- (e) Read DTCs.

Result: DTCs listed in the table below are output

DTC No.	Relevant Diagnosis
P0A1D	Hybrid Powertrain Control Module
P0A2B, P0A2C or P0A2D	Drive Motor "A" Temperature Sensor Circuit System
P0A37, P0A38 or P0A39	Generator Temperature Sensor Circuit System
P0A3F, P0A40 or P0A41	Drive Motor "A" Position Sensor Circuit System
P0A4B, P0A4C or P0A4D	Generator Position Sensor Circuit System
P0A60 or P0A63	Drive Motor "A" Current Sensor Circuit System
P0A72 or P0A75	Generator Current Sensor Circuit System
P0A78	Drive Motor "A" Inverter Performance
P0A7A	Generator Inverter Performance
P0A90	Drive Motor "A" Performance
P0A92	Hybrid Generator Performance
P0A93	Inverter Cooling System Malfunction
P0A94	DC/DC Converter Malfunction
P0AA1, P0AA2, P0AA4 or P0AA5	System Main Relay Circuit System
P3000, P3004, P3009 or P3110	High Voltage System
P3211	Drive Motor "A" Inverter Temperature Sensor Circuit System
P3221	Generator Inverter Temperature Sensor Circuit System
P3226	DC/DC Converter Temperature Sensor Circuit System



GO TO DTC CHART (See page 05–440). FIND A PAGE NUMBER TO PROCEED TO ITS DIAG-NOSTIC TROUBLESHOOTING FLOWCHART

NO

2004 Prius - Preliminary Release (RM1075U)

2 CHECK QUANTITY OF HV COOLANT

(a) Check that there is a sufficient amount of coolant for the inverter.OK: There is a sufficient amount of coolant for the inverter

NG > ADD HV COOLANT (See page 22-4)

ОК

3 CHECK COOLANT HOSE

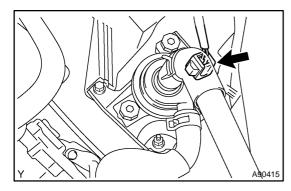
(a) Check that the hoses of the cooling system are not bent or clogged (see the cooling system on page 05–687).

OK: The hoses of the cooling system are not bent or clogged

NG > | CORRECT TO NORMAL CONDITION

OK

4 CHECK CONNECTION CONDITION OF WATER PUMP CONNECTOR(LOOSENESS AND POOR CONTACT)



(a) Check the connection condition of the water pump connector.

OK: Connector has been connected securely and there is no poor connection.

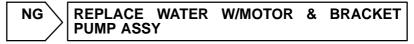
NG > CONNECT SECURELY

OK

5 CHECK WATER W/MOTOR & BRACKET PUMP ASSY

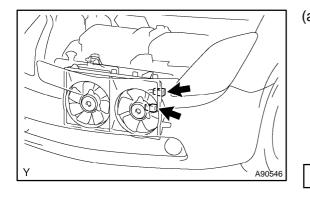
(a) Turn the power switch ON (IG).

(b) Check the operation of the water pump.OK: Coolant is sloshing in the reservoir tank



OK

6 CHECK CONNECTION CONDITION OF COOLING FAN MOTOR CONNECTOR(LOOSENESS AND POOR CONTACT)



(a) Check the connection condition of the cooling fan motor connectors.

OK: Connectors have been connected securely and there is no poor connection.

NG > | CONNECT SECURELY

OK

7

INSPECT COOLING FAN MOTOR (See page 16–8)

NG

REPLACE COOLING FAN MOTOR AND ADD ENGINE COOLANT

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OK
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8 INSPECT COOLING FAN MOTOR NO.2 (See page 16–8)

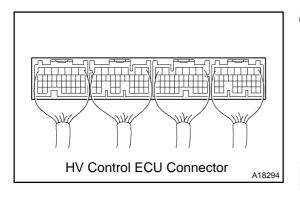
NG

REPLACE COOLING FAN MOTOR NO. 2 AND ADD ENGINE COOLANT

ΟΚ

OK

9 CHECK CONNECTION CONDITION OF HYBRID VEHICLE CONTROL ECU CONNECTOR(LOOSENESS AND POOR CONTACT)



(a) Check the connection condition of all the connectors at the HV control ECU.
 OK: Connectors have been connected securely and there is no poor connection.

NG > CONNECT SECURELY

10 CHECK CONNECTION CONDITION OF INVERTER CONNECTOR(LOOSENESS AND POOR CONTACT)

CAUTION:

Wear insulated gloves before performing the following operation.

(a) Turn the power switch OFF.

(b) Remove the service plug grip (see page 21–116). **NOTICE:**

Turning the power switch ON (READY) with the service plug grip removed could cause malfunction. Therefore, never turn the power switch ON (READY) in this state.

- (c) Remove the inverter cover (see page 21–23).
- (d) Check the connection condition of the I9 and I10 inverter connectors.

OK: Connectors have been connected securely and there is no poor connection.

- (e) Reinstall the inverter cover (see page 21–23).
- (f) Reinstall the service plug grip (see page 21–116).

NG > CONNECT SECURELY

11 CONFIRM INFORMATION(EXCLUSIVE INFO 4)

110

(a) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.

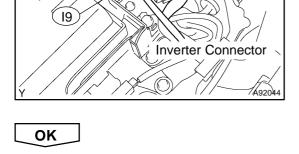
(b) Turn the power switch ON (IG).

HINT:

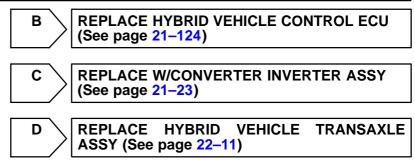
DTCs for the interlock switch system are output when turning the power switch ON (IG) with both service plug grip and inverter cover removed.

- (c) Turn the hand-held tester ON.
- (d) On the hand-held tester, enter the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED OBD II / HV ECU / DTC INFO / TROUBLE CODES.
- (e) Select DTC P0A94 to display its freeze frame data.
- (f) Select the item that has INF code 553 from among INFORMATION 1 to 5, and press ENTER.
- (g) Read EXCLUSIVE INFO 4.
 - Result:

Displayed in Exclusive Information 4	Proceed to
-127 to -120, -95 to -88, -63 to -56, -31 to -24, 1 to 8, 33 to 40, 65 to 72, 97 to 104	A
-119 to -112, -87 to -80, -55 to -48, -23 to -16, 9 to 16, 41 to 48, 73 to 80, 105 to 112	В
-111 to -104, -79 to -72, -47 to -40, -15 to -8, 17 to 24, 49 to 56, 81 to 88, 113 to 120	С
-103 to -96, -71 to -64, -39 to -32, -7 to 0, 25 to 32, 57 to 64, 89 to 96, 121 to 127	D



DIAGNOSTICS – HYBRID CONTROL SYSTEM



A

12 INSPECT HYBRID VEHICLE MOTOR ASSY

CAUTION:

Wear insulated gloves before performing the following operation.

(a) Turn the power switch OFF.

(b) Remove the service plug grip (see page 21–116). **NOTICE:**

Turning the power switch ON (READY) with the service plug grip removed could cause malfunction. Therefore, never turn the power switch ON (READY) in this state.

- (c) Remove the inverter cover (see page 21–23).
- (d) Disconnect the three–phase alternating current cable for the hybrid vehicle motor from the inverter.
- (e) Using a milliohm meter, measure the resistance between the three–phase alternating current cable terminals of the hybrid vehicle motor.

NOTICE:

If the motor temperature is too high, the resistance varies considerably, which hinders determining malfunction. Therefore, measure the resistance at a minimum 8 hours after the vehicle has been stopped.

Standard:

Tester Connection	Specified Condition*
U (I14–1) – V (I14–2)	Below 135 m Ω at 20°C
V (I14–2) – W (I14–3)	Below 135 m Ω at 20 $^\circ\text{C}$
W (I14–3) – U (I14–1)	Below 135 m Ω at 20°C

*: Apply the formula given below to correct the resistance.

 $R20 = Rt \div (1 + 0.00393 \times (T - 20))$

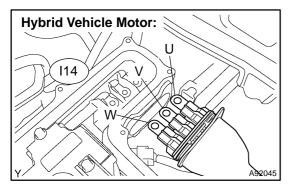
R20: Resistance converted to 20 $^\circ\text{C}$ (m $\Omega)$

Rt: Resistance between measured lines (m Ω)

T: Ambient air temperature during measurement (°C)

(f) Calculate the difference between the maximum and minimum resistance between terminals U – V, V – W, and W – U.

Standard: Below 2 m Ω



(g) Using a megohmmeter, check the insulation resistance between the three-phase alternating current cable terminals of the hybrid vehicle motor and the body ground. Standard:

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
U (I14–1) – Body ground	10 M Ω or higher
V (I14–2) – Body ground	10 $M\Omega$ or higher
W (I14–3) – Body ground	10 M Ω or higher

(h) Reconnect the three-phase alternating current cable for the hybrid vehicle motor.

NG > REPLACE HYBRID VEHICLE MOTOR ASSY

OK

13 INSPECT HYBRID VEHICLE GENERATOR ASSY

CAUTION:

Wear insulated gloves before performing the following operation.

- (a) Check that the service plug grip and inverter cover have been removed.
- (b) Disconnect the three–phase alternating current cable for the hybrid vehicle generator from the inverter.
- (c) Using a milliohm meter, measure the resistance between the three–phase alternating current cable terminals of the hybrid vehicle generator.

NOTICE:

If the generator temperature is too high, the resistance varies considerably, which hinders determining malfunction. Therefore, measure the resistance at a minimum 8 hours after the vehicle has been stopped.

Standard:

Tester Connection	Specified Condition*
U (I15–1) – V (I15–2)	Below 109 m Ω at 20°C
V (I15–2) – W (I15–3)	Below 109 m Ω at 20°C
W (I15–3) – U (I15–1)	Below 109 m Ω at 20°C

*: Apply the formula given below to correct the resistance.

 $R20 = Rt \div (1 + 0.00393 \times (T - 20))$

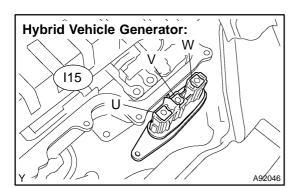
R20: Resistance converted to 20 $^\circ\text{C}$ (m $\Omega)$

Rt: Resistance between measured lines (m Ω)

T: Ambient air temperature during measurement (°C)

(d) Calculate the difference between the maximum and minimum resistance between terminals U – V, V – W, and W – U.

Standard: Below 2 m Ω



(e) Using a megohmmeter, check the insulation resistance between the three–phase alternating current cable terminals of the hybrid vehicle generator and the body ground. Standard:

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
U (I15–1) – Body ground	10 $M\Omega$ or higher
V (I15–2) – Body ground	10 $M\Omega$ or higher
W (I15–3) – Body ground	10 M Ω or higher

(f) Reconnect the three–phase alternating current cable for the hybrid vehicle generator.

NG REPLACE HYBRID VEHICLE GENERATOR ASSY

OK

14 | PERFORM ACTIVE TEST BY HAND-HELD TESTER(INVERTER STOP)

CAUTION:

Wear insulated gloves before performing the following operation.

- (a) Check that the service plug grip and inverter cover have been removed.
- (b) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.
- (c) Turn the power switch ON (IG).

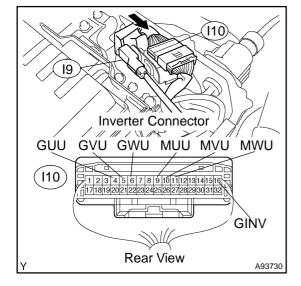
HINT:

DTCs for the interlock switch system are output when turning the power switch ON (IG) with both service plug grip and inverter cover removed.

- (d) Turn the hand-held tester ON.
- (e) On the hand-held tester, enter the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED OBD II / HV ECU / ACTIVE TEST.
- (f) Measure the voltage between the terminals of the inverter connector while effecting INVERTER STOP. Standard:

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
MUU (I10–9) – GINV (I10–16)	12 to 16 V
MVU (I10–10) – GINV (I10–16)	12 to 16 V
MWU (I10–11) – GINV (I10–16)	12 to 16 V
GUU (I10–4) – GINV (I10–16)	12 to 16 V
GVU (I10–5) – GINV (I10–16)	12 to 16 V
GWU (I10–6) – GINV (I10–16)	12 to 16 V

(g) Turn the power switch OFF.



NG > Go to step 15

OK

REPLACE W/CONVERTER INVERTER ASSY (See page 21–23)

15 | PERFORM ACTIVE TEST BY HAND-HELD TESTER(INVERTER STOP)

CAUTION:

Wear insulated gloves before performing the following operation.

- (a) Check that the service plug grip and inverter cover have been removed.
- (b) Disconnect the I10 inverter connector.
- (c) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.
- (d) Turn the power switch ON (IG).

HINT:

DTCs for the interlock switch system are output when turning the power switch ON (IG) with both service plug grip and inverter cover removed.

- (e) Turn the hand-held tester ON.
- (f) On the hand-held tester, enter the following menus: DIAGNOSIS / ENHANCED OBD II / HV ECU / ACTIVE TEST.
- (g) Measure the voltage between the terminals of the inverter connector while effecting INVERTER STOP. Standard:

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
MUU (I10–9) – GINV (I10–16)	14 to 16 V
MVU (I10–10) – GINV (I10–16)	14 to 16 V
MWU (I10–11) – GINV (I10–16)	14 to 16 V
GUU (I10–4) – GINV (I10–16)	14 to 16 V
GVU (I10–5) – GINV (I10–16)	14 to 16 V
GWU (I10–6) – GINV (I10–16)	14 to 16 V

- (h) Turn the power switch OFF.
- (i) Reconnect the inverter connector.
- (j) Reinstall the inverter cover (see page 21–23).
- (k) Reinstall the service plug grip (see page 21–116).

NG REPLACE W/CONVERTER INVERTER ASSY (See page 21–23)

OK

REPLACE HYBRID VEHICLE CONTROL ECU (See page 21–124)

